

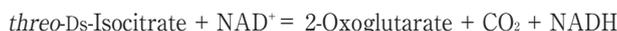
# rICDH (NAD)

## Isocitrate dehydrogenase(NAD<sup>+</sup>), recombinant from bacteria

*threo*-Ds-Isocitrate : NAD<sup>+</sup> oxidoreductase (decarboxylating) (EC 1.1.1.41)

*Host cell : E. coli*

### Reaction Equation



### Specification

#### Specific Activity

IU/mg protein

#### Contaminants

Isocitrate dehydrogenase (NADP<sup>+</sup>)

#### Specifications

>40 units

<5%

### Profile

pH stability : pH 5.5 - 8.0 (4°C, 1 week)

Thermal stability : ≤45°C (pH 7.0, 15 min)

Optimum pH : 8.0 - 9.0

Optimum temperature : ≥60°C

K<sub>m</sub> value : 0.09 mmol/L (NAD<sup>+</sup>)

0.03 mmol/L (D-Isocitrate)

MW : 40 kD (SDS-PAGE)

### Assay Procedure

#### I. Spectrophotometric Method

Wavelength ; 340 nm, Light path length ; 1 cm,

Temperature ; 25°C

Pipette the following reagents into a cuvette

3.00 mL Tris-HCl buffer (88 mmol/L, pH 8.5, 25°C)  
containing MgCl<sub>2</sub> (5 mmol/L),  
NAD<sup>+</sup> (1 mmol/L),

D-Isocitrate (1.7 mmol/L)  
0.02 mL rICDH (NAD) (about 3 IU/mL)

#### II. Calculation

$$\frac{\Delta A/\text{min} \cdot V \cdot D}{6.3 \cdot d \cdot v} = \text{IU/mL}$$

ΔA/min = The change in absorbance at 340 nm/minute

V = Total volume of reaction mixture (3.02 mL)

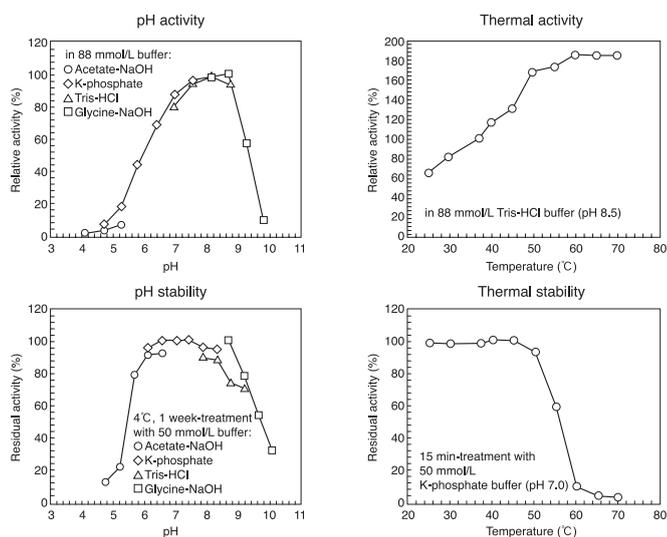
D = Enzyme dilution factor

6.3 = mM extinction coefficient of NADH  
(L · mmol<sup>-1</sup> · cm<sup>-1</sup>)

d = Light path length (1 cm)

v = Volume of enzyme sample (0.02 mL)

### Reference Data



### Preparation and storage

Product Code : rICDH (NAD<sup>+</sup>)-03

Lyophilized powder (contains no ammonium sulfate)

.....below -20°C

### OYC No./Package

OYC No.	Package
46475003	150 units
46476003	600 units
46477003	3,000 units
46475903	Bulk

(Research reagent use only, not for medical use.)



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